Models of Education

It is possible to use the modals *might*, *must*, *could*, *can't* to create expressions with a sense of deduction.

For example: Look at the present in the picture. The sentences below show what can be deduced from observing its shape and size. Notice that each sentence expresses a different level of <u>assuring</u> or <u>not assuring</u> what is inside by using a different modal (*might, must, could* or *can't*).



(There is a possibility but it's not for sure.)

It might be a jar of honey.

It could be a jar of honey.



(There is **no doubt**, it is **for sure**.)

It can't be a box of candy!
It must be a bottle of wine!



- Notice that might and could are used to express there is possibility but it is still
 unsure.
- Observe that can't (only in negative form) and must are used to express there is no doubt.
- A verb in base form follows the modal. Here are more examples:
 It could <u>rain</u> today. There are some clouds in the sky. (It is possible.)

That girl in blue jeans over there must <u>be</u> Nancy. I am sure! Eduardo might <u>come</u> late today. There is so much traffic. I am sure this <u>can't</u> <u>be</u> the correct answer to this exercise!