UNIT 3

MODALS OF POSSIBILITY - MAY, MIGHT, WILL

You have learned that <u>going to</u> expresses a formal plan when you use it to talk about the future. Otherwise, you can use the modals <u>may</u>, <u>might</u> and <u>will</u> when you want to <u>express possibility</u> in the future. In this type of sentences you can add expressions like <u>definitely</u>, <u>I'm not sure but...</u>, <u>Maybe</u>, <u>I don't know yet</u>, to intensify or lower the idea of possibility you want to transmit.

Exercises adapted from Open Mind 2, Macmillan, 2010, p. 91.

Read this e-mail. How is Greg traveling to visit Matt?

Hi Greg!

I'm waiting about the plans for your visit this weekend. It all depends on the weather. I'm not sure, but we may go up to the mountains to show you some of the local area, so bring walking shoes! I might be at work on Friday. I don't know yet. Jill will definitely meet you at the train station, though, so don't worry!

See you soon!

Matt

Look at the e-mail again. Observe some rules of the modals of possibility.

UNIT 3

Form	Use
	Use modals of possibility to talk about things that are possible in the present or future, but which
	we are not sure about.
may/might (not)	Use <i>might / may</i> when we are less certain.
will ('ll) / will not (won't)	Use <i>will</i> when we are more certain.