# Used to

#### **Used to** shows that:

- A particular thing always happened or was true in the past.
- But it no longer happens or is no longer true now.

#### Examples:

- David **used to** live in Madrid.
- She used to exercise every morning, but since she had that terrible accident she doesn't exercise anymore.
- Why don't you come and see me like you used to?

#### Forms of used to

Here are the interrogative, affirmative and negative forms of **used to:** 

- **Did** you **use** to exercise regularly?
- Yes, I **used to** go jogging nearly everyday.
- No, I *didn't use* to exercise on a regular basis.

#### Used to, be used to, get used to

- 1. **Used to** shows that a particular thing always happened or was true in the past (see examples above).
- 2. **Be used to** is used to say that something is normal, not unusual.

### Examples:

- I'm used to living alone.
- Don't worry, John *is used to* driving for long hours. He has worked as a professional driver for 20 years.
- 3. *Get used* shows that something is in the process of becoming normal.

## Examples:

- He doesn't like that small town, but he'll get used to it.
- She found the heels too high, but she **got used to** them.
- Since the divorce, she has become very sad. But I think she'll get used to her new life.

# Used to

- I got used to living in Canada in spite of the cold weather.
- 4. *Get used to* and *be used to* are followed by either a noun or a gerund.

Get used to + noun	Get used to + gerund (verb+ing)
I <b>got used to</b> the noise	I <b>got used to</b> waking up early
I'm used to the cold weather	I <b>'m used to</b> working late at night