What are quantifiers?

A quantifier is a word or phrase that is used before a noun to indicate the amount or quantity:

'Some', 'many', 'a lot of' and 'a few' are examples of quantifiers.

Quantifiers can be used with both countable and uncountable nouns.

Examples:

- There are **some** books on the desk.
- He's got only *a few* dollars.
- How *much* money have you got?
- There is *a large quantity of* fish in this river.
- He's got *more* friends than his sister.

Examples of quantifiers

| | much |
|------------------|--|
| | a little/little/very |
| | little |
| With Uncountable | a bit (of) |
| Nouns | a great deal of |
| | a large amount of |
| | a large quantity of |

| | · all | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| | | |
| | - | |
| | • | |
| | | |
| | • | |
| | • some | |
| | • any | |
| | • a lot of | |
| | lots of | |
| | plenty of | |
| | | |
| | • many | |
| | | W |
| | | |
| ble | several | |
| | a large number of | |
| | | |
| | a majority of | |
| | | |
| mean the | t there is not enough of | , |
| _ | | |
| 301116 61111 | 9. | |
| | | |
| means t | nat there is not a lot of | |
| | nat there is not a lot of ng, but there is enough. | |
| | nat there is not a lot of ng, but there is enough. | |
| | | |
| somethi | | |
| somethi | ng, but there is enough. It there is not enough of | |
| somethi mean tha | ng, but there is enough. It there is not enough of | |
| somethi mean tho somethir | ng, but there is enough. It there is not enough of | |
| | ble mean tha | any a lot of lots of plenty of many a few/few/very fer a number (of) several a large number of a great number of |

COUNTABLE AND UNCOUNTABLE NOUNS

You will learn about countable and uncountable nouns. But before you continue the lesson, look at the following chart and study the nouns.

| Countable | Uncountable |
|-----------|-------------|
| books | money |
| friends | meat |
| teachers | juice |
| tables | milk |

Countable nouns (count nouns):

Countable nouns have a singular and a plural form. In plural, these nouns can be used with a number- they can be counted (that's why they are called "countable nouns").

Example:

1 friend, 2 friends, 3 friends...

1 book, 2 books, 3 books...

Countable nouns take *many*.

Example:

100 friends – *many* friends

Uncountable nouns (uncount / non-count nouns):

Uncountable nouns can only be used in singular. These nouns cannot be used with a number- they can't be counted (that's why they are called "uncountable nouns").

Examples:

I have a lot of money. (Not 1000 money).

You say I drink a lot of milk. (Not 5 milk).

Uncountable nouns take *much*.

Example:

100 money – *much* money

Of course you can count money, milk, meat; but then you would use the currency, liter, kilo, glass, etc. and say that you have got:

- 5 euros or dollars (but not 5 money).
- 2 liters, pints, glasses... of milk (but not 2 milk).
- 3 kilos of meat (but not 3 meat).
- 10 bottles of mineral water (but not 10 mineral water).